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## Ethical issues in online journalism pdf file downloads 2017

Through experimental method, this study was trying to construct and examine a teaching model enabling students to have better understanding about journalism ethics and to explore moral obligation on the basis of local wisdom so that they have wider ethical reasoning to explore moral obligation. Furthermore, students who are taught to think through journalistic decisions are more likely to avoid legal mistakes and increase publication credibility.The importance of teaching journalism ethics in higher education is based on the fact that "ethical codes are failing and the ethics of journalism are in question" (Chiavelli, 2009), the number of journalists of leading media in America is getting fired because of ethical violations (Reinardy & Moore, 2007), and the most importantly, ethical standards are more treated as a goal but not as reference on a daily basis for the cookie-cutter article (Reinardy & Moore, 2007).Journalists need to practice "ethical fitness" that is "the practice of exercising one's ethical decision-making skills in order to "internalize" the decision-making process so that sound ethical decisions can be made swiftly, under the pressure of deadlines" (Kidder, 2003). The significant role is mainly strived by the use of framing and priming strategy applied by the media (Kim & McCombs, 2007; Kim, Scheufele, & Shanahan, 2002; Krossnick & Kinder, 1990)Although the impact of journalism on public is depending very much on audience characteristics (Avery, 2009; Moy & Pfau, 2000; Norris, 2000; Pinkleton & Austin, 2001) and media characteristics (Aarts & Semelko, 2003; Avery, 2009; Moy & Pfau, 2000), journalism have the potential to transfer knowledge that the audience tend to rely on it so much (Klouss, 2005; McCombes, Lopez-Escobar, & Llamas, 2000).As a political tool journalism (media) has both positive and negative roles. This is an indication that Indonesia journalism education faces a serious problem. What is reported in the lead is based on fact. Recent study conducted by Haryanto (2014) about "Ethical offence in Indonesia private television news broadcasting" reveals that Indonesian journalists tend to do ethical offences—as result of pursuing news value—leading to the emerge of political chaos (see also: Anom, 2011).Teaching ethics to students of journalism programs is therefore essential. Understanding these phrases, the students will be able to write more peaceful news or reportage2Aseh, asah, asuh Hidup harus penuh kasih ayng, mendidik dan membina, dan peduli kepada sesamaLove, educate, take care of others; Javanness elders teach to young generation to love each other, to treat other people like brothers or sisters, as part of family members. The remaining topics are the same. This study concludes that sequential order of teaching materials/content plays very important role in the success of the method. This took the next four sessions (See Table 1: course planning). The title/headline sometime does not match with the content. However, considering the level of Indonesian educational which is considered relative low, this strategy is not so wise. So sequential order is an important factor affecting to the students' understanding about morale reasoning and its application.The author suggests that teaching model is more likely suitable to be implemented in teaching journalism ethic in the future. This method provides students the opportunity to learn different ethical decision-making models in class, and they can read about how others have applied those ethical codes in making decisions, but until they do it themselves, until they internalize the ethical decision-making process by practicing it over and over.This research applied quasi-experimental design (Ross & Morrison, 2017, in which the class was divided into two groups, consisting of 45 students each. Journalists will internally consider social responsibility in the first place instead of pursuing news value5Ngono yo ngono ning ojo ngono; Boleh melakukan tetapi jangan keterlauanDo proportionally. This phrase suggests how to treat other people. This tendency is showed in surveys conducted by the Global Social Justice News and other studies such as: Funkhouser and Shaw (1990). Enache (2006). Anom (2011). Haryanto (2014).(3) Media/journalists sometime tend to emphasize on part of events, therefore, can easily cause information distortion and confuse the audience since they fail to comprehend the whole story of an event/issue.The conclusion implies there is critical ethical problem embedded in journalism practices that needs to be solved immediately. Journalism should "reflect and facilitate community-based conversations rather than simply record and transmit top to bottom the conversations of elite groups. In general, the study reveals that each group shows its effectiveness in preparing students to be a good journalist but in different manner. This technique sometimes leads the news loses its context causing the public's partial understanding about the issue (Haryanto, 2016).Several studies show that public tend to respond, decide, and act according to their image and understanding accumulated from media. On the hand of a bad people, in the contrary, journalism will be very harmful to our life. Then journalists try to convey a fair and reliable account of their meaning, valid for now, subject to further investigation. Straightforward criticism will humiliate the criticized people. This is evidenced by the growing number of ethical violation as reported by The Global Social Justice News Report (. As a result, the students are more treating freedom of the press as a vehicle to express and present their idea; and ethical journalistic code is used to control their journalistic practices. (See the first phrase4"Angon Mongso": tepat waktu, sesuai dengan tempatnyaRight time and right place (timing); Timing is very important. They are easily influenced by rumors and gossips.On the basis of above description, the author comes to conclusion that:(1) Media have the power to influence public's image and knowledge as the media want.(2) Media/journalist tends to manipulate information or report partially. These methods parallel the objectives and anticipated outcomes for."According to Adam (2009) "journalism education should do at least three things—stock the minds of students, form their intelligences in the languages of public life, and master the skills and technologies of journalism". In the experimental group, students were introduced to Javanness philosophy that is the way Javanness people treat others. In this sense we need a good deal less rather than more professionalism in our society and a good deal less professionalism in our educationThe long journey of teaching journalism ethics has not showed its effectiveness yet. To be exclusive, media/journalists some time blow up an event or issue by all necessary means leading to national controversy" Do not over act" (melok nanging ojo nyolok) is a good reminder?Bener ning durung meshi pener: Sesuatu yang di anggap benar belum tentu pas dan cocok untuk kebanyakan orang; Maksudnya bahwa dalam tindakan senantiasia diarahkan pada hal yang cocok, pas, cukup dan sesuai. The pressure of the media place on the way we perceive and conceive reality, on the way we think and act is tremendous (Enache, 2016). The difference is that the experimental group has topic on "Javanness phrases"1 (See attachment) whereas the control group is not. But its execution should consider the local rules of law, cultural norms, local custom, etc.Since Indonesian is a paternalistic society, straight criticism might be improper. A specific teaching is needed to accommodate that requirement. This method is able to provide wider moral reasoning to the students. The use of Javanness phrases significantly improves the students' understanding about morale reasoning and its application in journalistic practices.Journalism has great contribution in improving the quality of our life. After that, students in both groups are asked to re-write a news lead taken from newspaper.Table 4 presents example of student exercise in writing news lead.As can be seen from the above table, the students in the control group tend to repeat the strategy applied in the original lead. News is journalists' perception and interpretation about an issue/event. Journalism is truth is a process that begins with the professional discipline of assembling and verifying facts. Federal Tax Liens Liens give us a legal claim to your property as security or payment for your tax debt. According to him the ideal content of journalism curriculum should cover from "constitutional law, political philosophy, democratic theory and empirical methods to moral philosophy, social science and law to support journalism ethics, mass communication studies and journalism law." Hence, exercise-based teaching might be the most suitable method for teaching journalism ethics. The world of signs is granted only a shadowy twilight existence; it "hovers" above "reality" as an ethereal appendage to it, deriving such substance as it has merely from what is reflected within it."It is true that media can play as "a window of knowledge." However, the knowledge is just a "synthetic experience" (Funkhouser & Shaw, 1990). 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